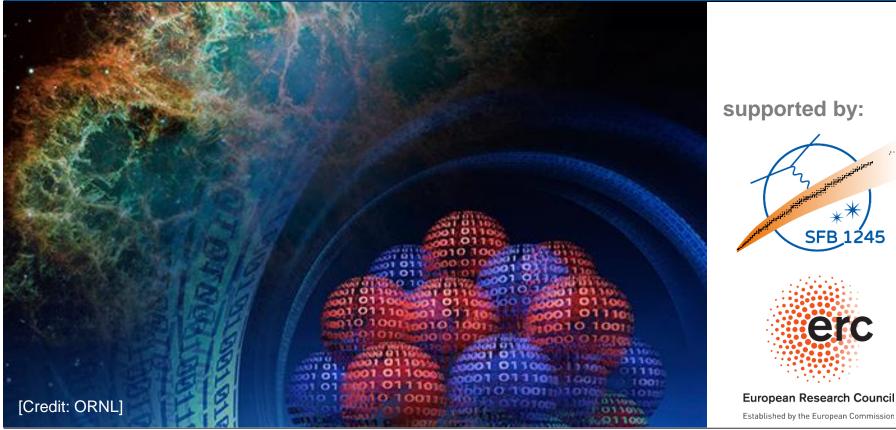
Christian Drischler

The 2017 ICNT Program at FRIB April 5, 2017



April 5, 2017 | Physics Department | Institute for Nuclear Theory – Theory Center | Christian Drischler | 1



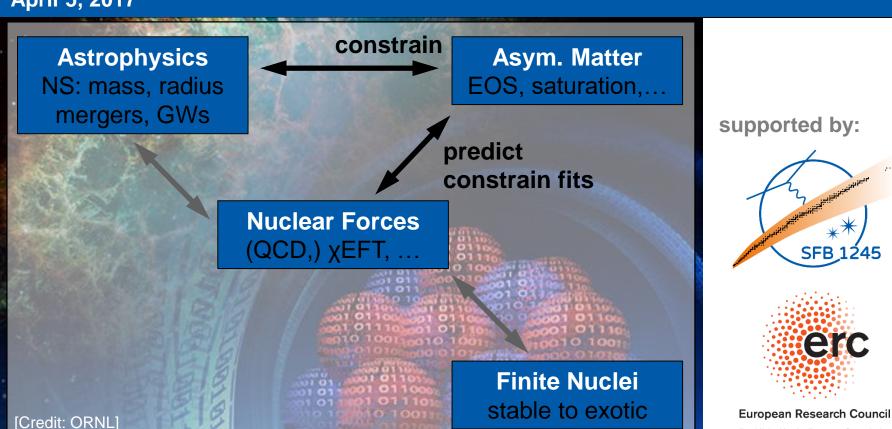
TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT DARMSTADT

supported by:

erc

Christian Drischler

The 2017 ICNT Program at FRIB April 5, 2017



April 5, 2017 | Physics Department | Institute for Nuclear Theory – Theory Center | Christian Drischler | 2



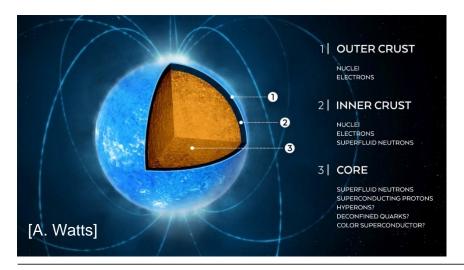
Established by the European Commission

Motivation: Infinite Matter

Energy per particle:
$$\frac{E}{A}(n, x, T)$$

based on chiral effective field theory (EFT):

- direct determination of astrophysical quantities: sym. energy, ...
- ideal to test (and to improve) nuclear forces $\sim n_0$
- constrain neutron-star EOS: mass-radius relations, ...



$$S_{2}(n) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial \beta^{2}} \frac{E}{A}(n,\beta) \Big|_{\beta=0}$$
$$L = 3n_{0} \frac{\partial}{\partial n} S_{2}(n) \Big|_{n=n_{0}}$$

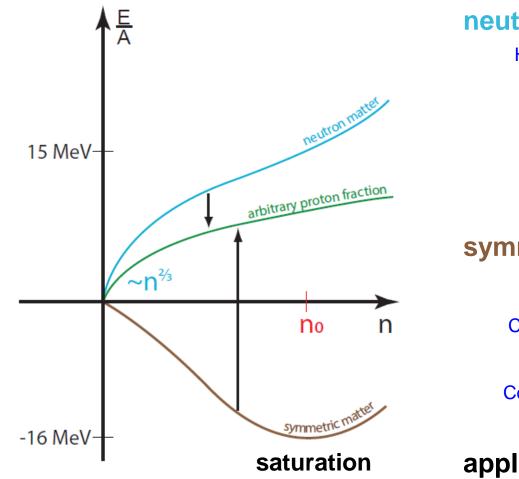


see also: Wellenhofer et al., PRC 93, 055802

density proton fraction temperature



Landscape of Nuclear Matter



neutron matter (Z = 0):

Hebeler *et al.*, Astrophys. J., **773**, 11 (2013) Krüger *et al.*, PRC **88**, 025802 (2013) Gezerlis *et al.*, PRL **111**, 032501 (2013) Roggero *et al.*, PRL **112**, 221103 (2014) Wlazłowski *et al.*, PRL **113**, 182503 (2014) Lynn *et al.*, PRL **116**, 062501 (2016) Dyhdalo *et al.*, PRC **94**, 034001 (2016)

symmetric matter (*N* = *Z*):

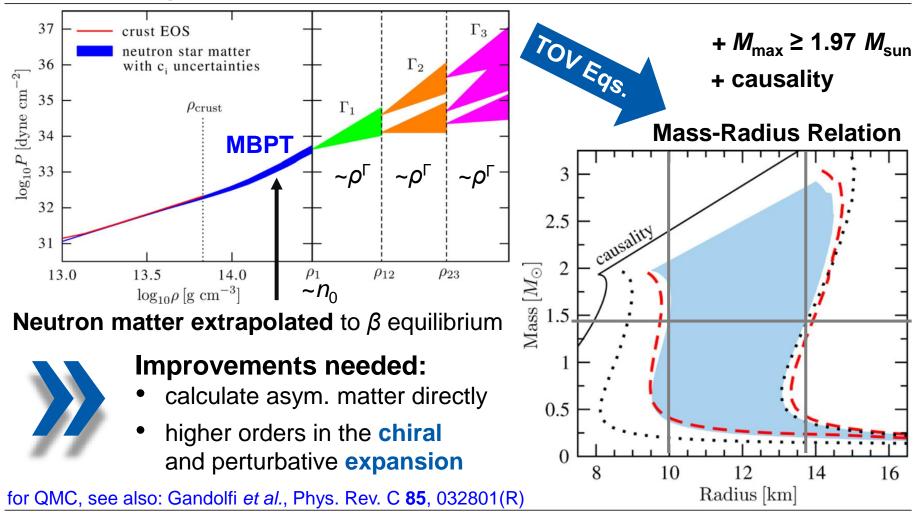
Hebeler *et al.* PRC **83**, 031301(R) (2011) Holt, Kaiser, Weise, PPNP **73** 35 (2013) Coraggio, Holt *et al.* PRC **89**, 044321 (2014) Wellenhofer *et al.*, PRC **89**, 064009 (2014) Carbone *et al.*, PRC **90** 054322 (2014) Coraggio, Holt *et al.*, PRC **89**, 044321 (2014)

applications to neutron stars??



Constraining Neutron Stars

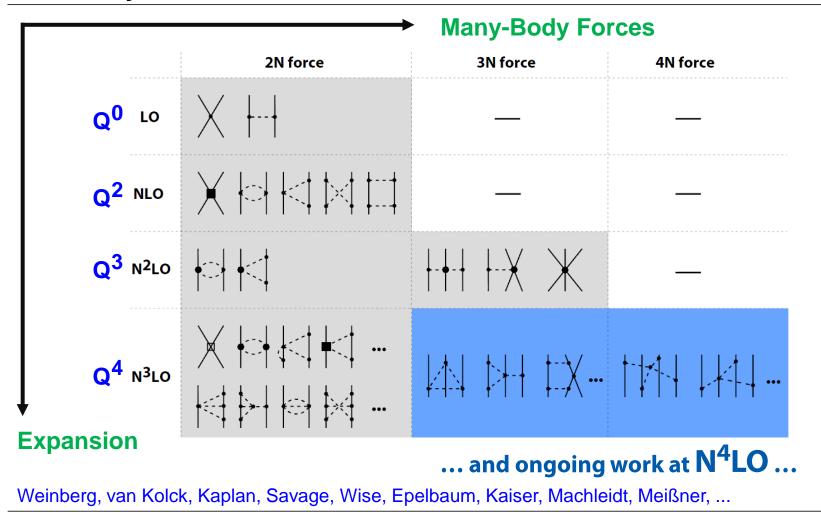
Hebeler et al., Astrophys. J., 773, 11



April 5, 2017 | Physics Department | Institute for Nuclear Theory – Theory Center | Christian Drischler | 5



Hierarchy of Nuclear Forces in Chiral EFT see: Epelbaum *et al.*, PRL **115**, 122301



April 5, 2017 | Physics Department | Institute for Nuclear Theory – Theory Center | Christian Drischler | 6

3N forces beyond Hartree-Fock?

Effective NN potentials

by summing one particle over the occupied states of the Fermi sea

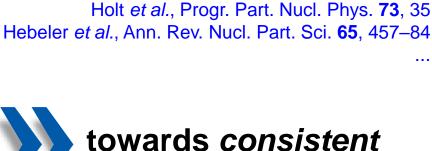
» dominant 3N contributions

Holt et al., PRC 81, 024002 Hebeler et al., PRC 82, 014314

so far: only N²LO 3N and P = 0

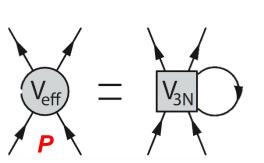
Improved Method

- applicable to all nuclear forces
- N³LO 3N forces due to recent PW decomposition Hebeler et al., PRC 91, 044001



N³LO calculations

Wellenhofer et al., PRC 92, 015801



some more applications:

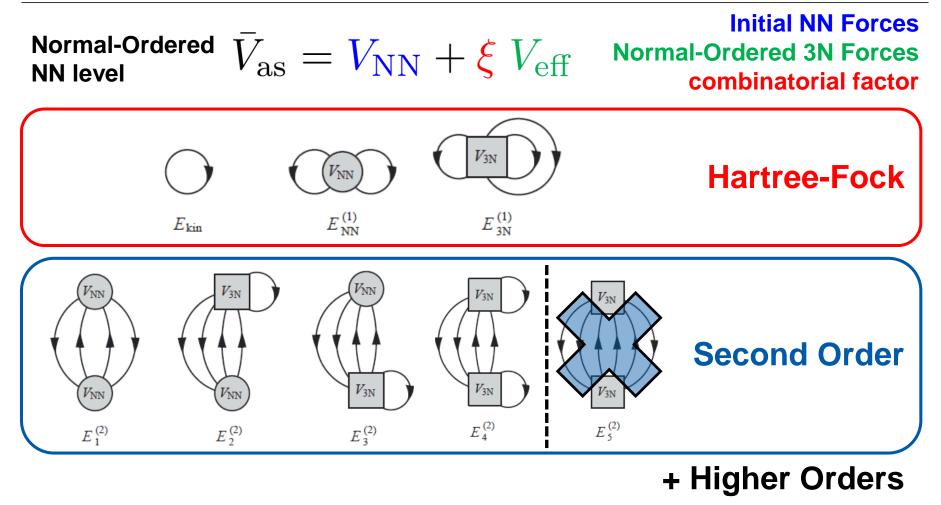






MBPT Diagrams

Hebeler et al., Phys. Rev. C 82, 014314





Outline



Isospin-Asymmetric Nuclear Matter

2

Many-Body Convergence?

3

BCS Pairing Gaps in Neutron Matter



$$S_{2}(n) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial \beta^{2}} \frac{E}{A}(n,\beta) \Big|_{\beta=0}$$
$$L = 3n_{0} \frac{\partial}{\partial n} S_{2}(n) \Big|_{n=n_{0}}$$

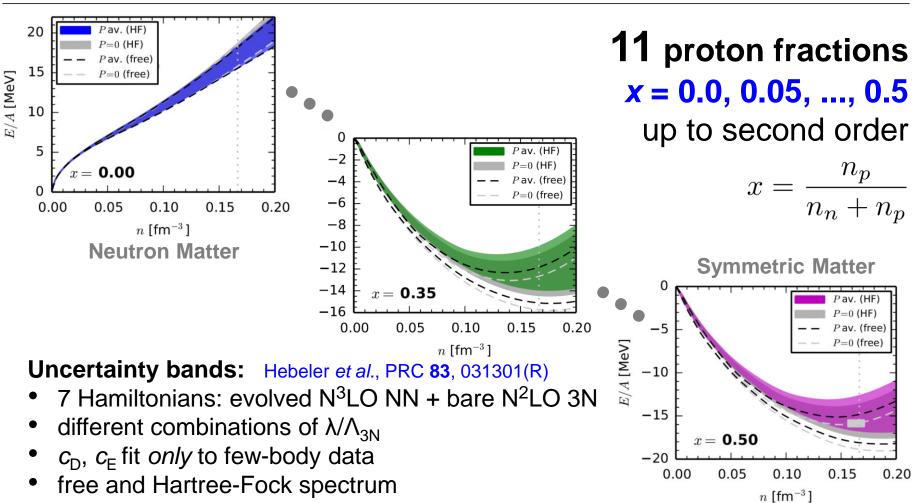
see also: Vidaña *et al.,* PRC **80**, 045806 CD *et al.,* PRC **89**, 025806 Drews, Weise, PRC **91**, 035802 Wellenhofer *et al.*, PRC **93**, 055802

CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 93, 054314.

ISOSPIN-ASYMMETRIC NUCLEAR MATTER

Objectives: equation of state, saturation point, incompressibility, symmetry energy

Equation of State



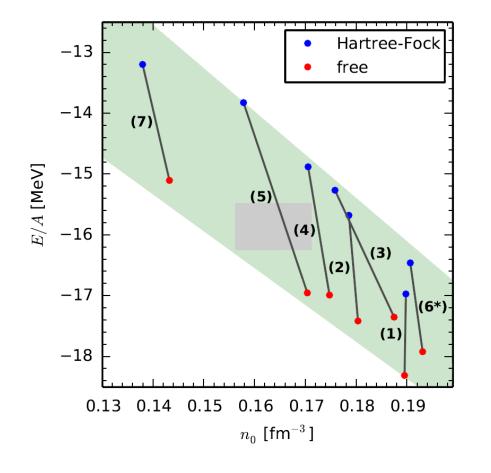


CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 93, 054314



Saturation Properties

CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 93, 054314



Coester-like correlation

 covers the empirical range due to 3N contributions

Coester et al., PRC 1, 769

empirical saturation point:

max. range of 14 EDF's

Dutra *et al.*, PRC **85**, 035201 Kortelainen *et al.*, PRC **89**, 054314

$$n_0 = (0.138 - 0.193) \text{ fm}^{-3}$$

 $K = (182 - 254) \text{ MeV}$

Symmetry Energy and Slope Parameter

see also: Hagen et al., Nat. Phys. 12, 186

standard expansion:
$$\beta = 1 - 2x$$

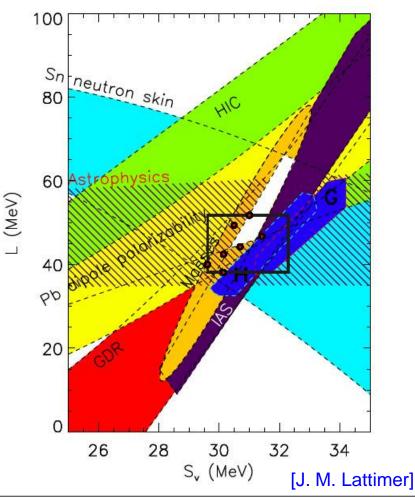
 $\frac{E}{A}(n,\beta) = \frac{E_{\text{SNM}}(n)}{A} + S_2(n)\beta^2 + \dots$
 $S_2(n) = S_v + \frac{L}{3}\left(\frac{n-n_0}{n_0}\right) + \dots$

tight constraints

 $S_v = (30.9 \pm 1.4) \text{ MeV}$ $L = (45.0 \pm 7.1) \text{ MeV}$

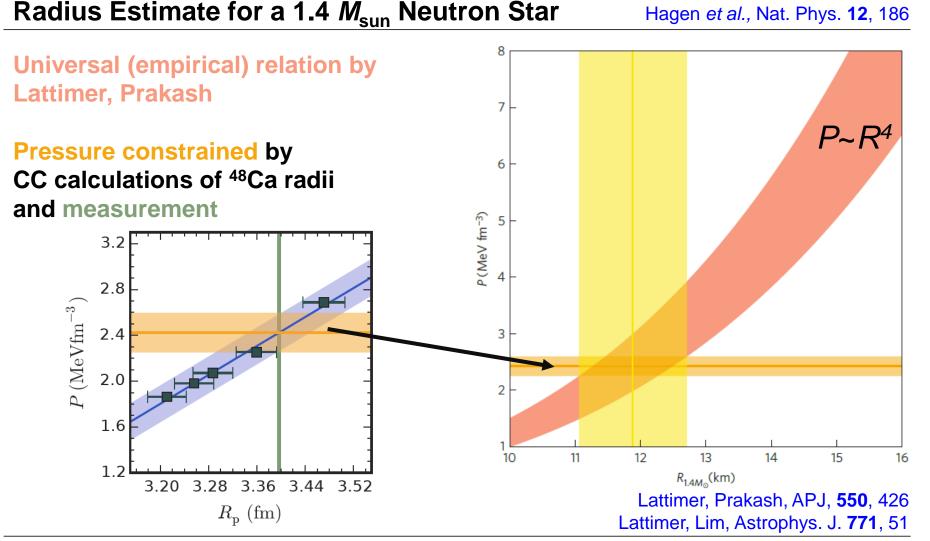
in **agreement** with emp. extractions Lattimer, Lim, Astrophys. J. **771**, 51 **quadratic expansion** is **reliable**; but nonanalytical quartic term: $\beta^4 \ln |\beta|$ Kaiser, PRC **91**, 065201 Wellenhofer *et al.*, PRC **93**, 055802

April 5, 2017 | Physics Department | Institute for Nuclear Theory – Theory Center | Christian Drischler | 13



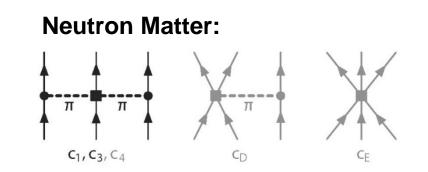






see also: Dickhoff, Barbieri, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. **52**, 377 Rios *et al.*, PRC **79**, 025802 Krüger *et al.*, PRC **88**, 025802 Tews *et al.*, PRC **93**, 024305





CD, Carbone, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 94, 054307.

MANY-BODY CONVERGENCE?

Objectives: test many-body convergence study impact of N³LO 3N forces

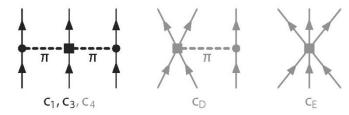
Weinberg eigenvalue analysis: Hoppe, CD, Furnstahl, Hebeler, Schwenk, in prep.

Testing Many-Body Convergence

- consistent N³LO NN/3N forces
- **finite proton fractions** need reliable fits of c_D , c_E at N³LO

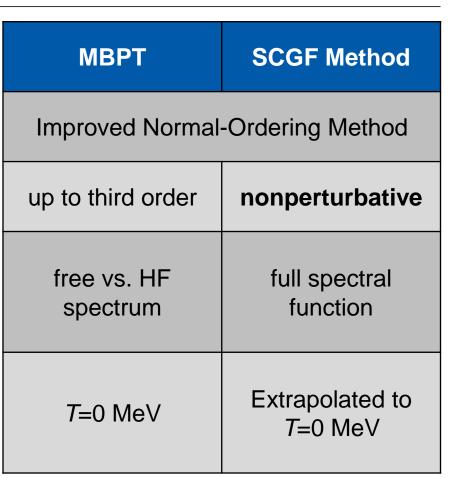
Golak *et al.,* Eur. Phys. J. A **50** 177

Neutron Matter



Uncertainty bands

- use always c_i's recommended for N³LO calculations
- plus many-body uncertainty
 Krebs et al., PRC 85, 054006



see also: Carbone et al., PRC 90 054322

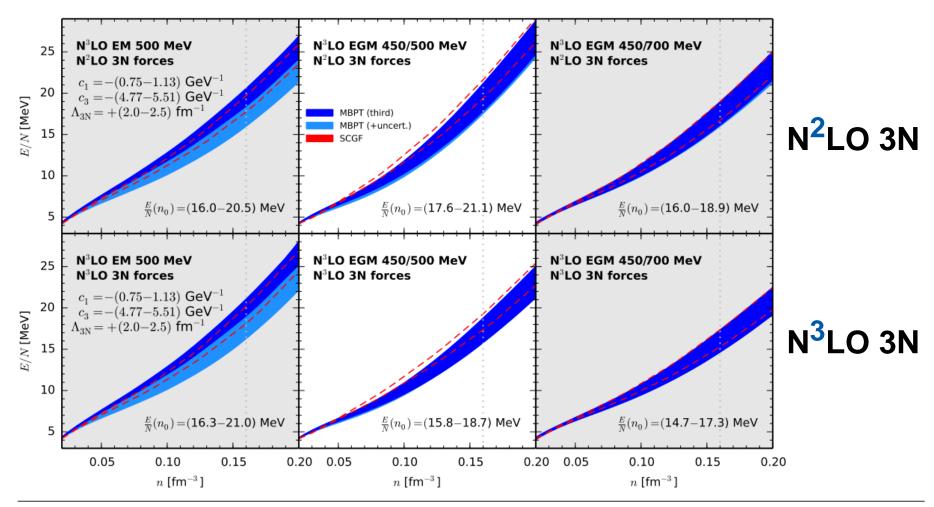


CD, Carbone, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 94, 054307



MBPT vs. SCGF Method

CD, Carbone, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 94, 054307

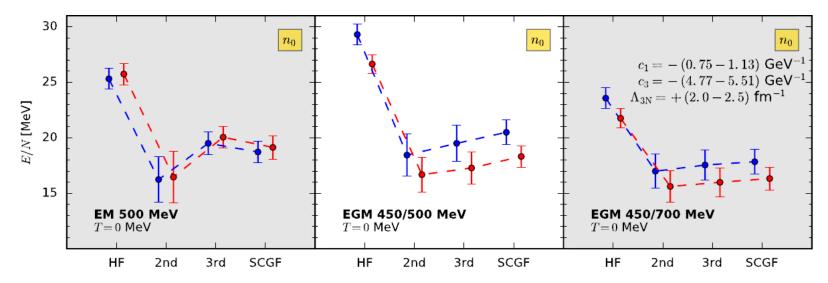


April 5, 2017 | Physics Department | Institute for Nuclear Theory – Theory Center | Christian Drischler | 17



Testing Many-Body Convergence

CD, Carbone, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 94, 054307

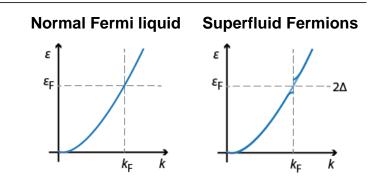


Order-by-order analysis: (at saturation density)

- attractive second vs. repulsive third order
- MBPT well converged for EGM potentials (small third order)
- EM 500 MeV is less perturbative (larger third order)
- small energy shift due to N³LO 3N w.r.t. N²LO 3N contributions

see also: Srinivas, Ramanan, PRC **94**, 064303 Ding *et al.*, PRC **94**, 025802 Maurizio *et al.*, PRC **90**, 044003 Page *et al.*, "Novel Superfluids", Oxford University Press





CD, Krüger, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 95, 024302.

BCS PAIRING GAPS IN NEUTRON MATTER

Objectives: study subleading 3N contributions recent (semi-)local NN potentials, new uncertainties



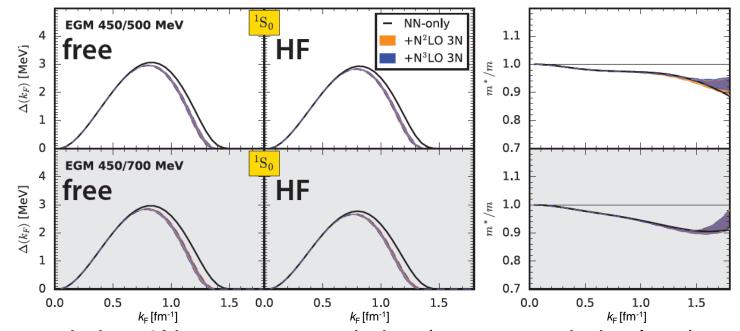
Chiral NN Potentials and Regularization

	Short Range	Long Range	Potentials
Nonlocal	Nonlocal		e.g., EM, EGM; Carlsson <i>et al.,</i> PRX 6 , 011019 (2016)
Local	Local		Gezerlis <i>et al.,</i> PRL 111 , 122301 (2013)
Semilocal	Nonlocal	Local	Epelbaum <i>et al.,</i> EPJ A 51 , 53 (2015), PRL 115 , 122301 (2015)



Pairing Gaps: 3N forces in ¹S₀

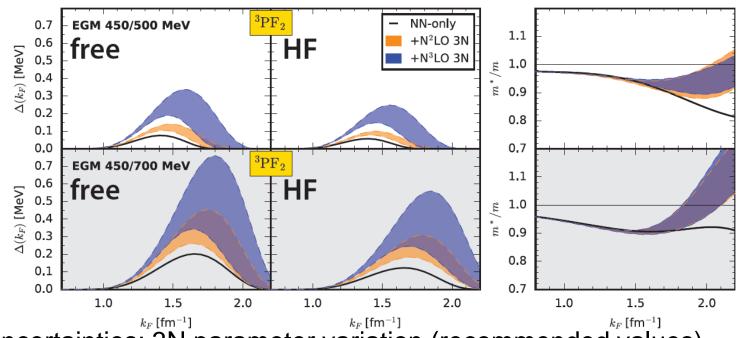
CD, Krüger, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 95, 024302



- uncertainties: 3N parameter variation (recommended values)
- pairing gap at low densities
 - universal gaps: strongly constrained by phase shifts
 - small 3N contributions: only small suppression for $k_{\rm F} > 0.8$ fm⁻¹
 - almost independent of the energy spectrum



Pairing Gaps: 3N forces in ${}^{3}P_{2} - {}^{3}F_{2}$ CD, Krüger, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 95, 024302

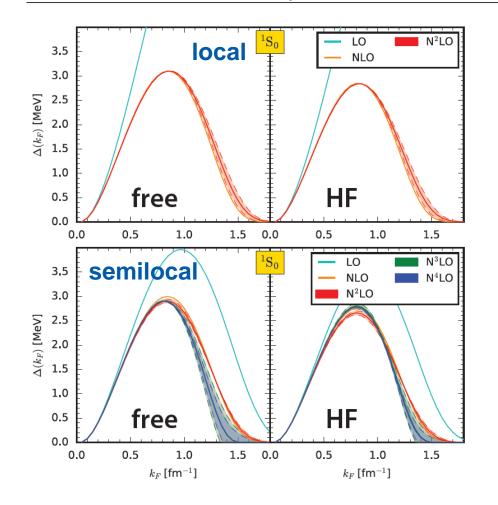


- uncertainties: 3N parameter variation (recommended values)
- pairing gap at high densities
 - **3N forces add attraction**: larger max. gap and closure at higher densities
 - effective masses are enhanced due to 3N forces
 - chiral EFT still efficient at $k_{\rm F} > 2 \text{ fm}^{-1}$?



(Semi-)Local NN: ¹S₀ channel

CD, Krüger, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 95, 024302



local and semilocal NN forces:

- up to N²LO and N⁴LO
- R₀ = 0.9, 1.0, 1.1 and, 1.2 fm

new uncertainties (Epelbaum et al.)

order-by-order analysis in the chiral expansion (LO neglected)

findings: $Q(k_{\rm F}) = \max\left(\frac{p}{\Lambda_b}, \frac{m_{\pi}}{\Lambda_b}\right)$

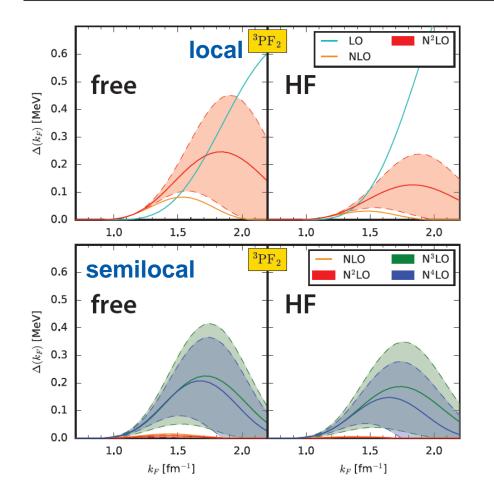
- at NLO and beyond gaps agree up to k_F ~ (0.6-0.8) fm⁻¹
- sensitivity to spectrum is again small

Gezerlis *et al.*, PRC **90**, 054323 Epelbaum *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. A **51**, 53



(Semi-)Local NN: ³P₂-³F₂ channel

CD, Krüger, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 95, 024302



local and semilocal NN forces:

- up to N²LO and N⁴LO
- R₀ = 0.9, 1.0, 1.1 and, 1.2 fm

new uncertainties (Epelbaum *et al.*) order-by-order analysis in the chiral expansion (LO neglected)

findings:

 large uncertainties: breakdown of the chiral expansion ?

> Gezerlis *et al.*, PRC **90**, 054323 Epelbaum *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. A **51**, 53



Summary | Outlook

Improved Normal-Ordering Method

- applicable to all 3N forces (incl. N³LO)
- asymmetric matter: results for EOS, symmetry energy, ...

More Applications

- studied many-body convergence in neutron matter: N³LO 3N forces beyond Hartree-Fock and in SCGF method
- BCS pairing gaps in ${}^{1}S_{0}$ and ${}^{3}P_{2}-{}^{3}F_{2}$:
 - N³LO 3N contributions to previous NN potentials
 - recent (semi-)local NN potentials, new uncertainties

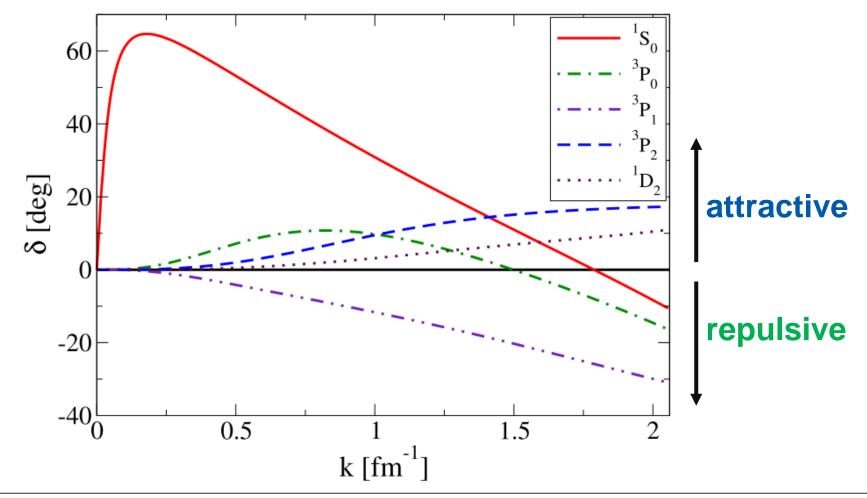
Extensions – a selection

- finite temperatures, consistently-evolved forces, ...
- constrain next-gen. potentials: saturation, ... Carlsson et al., PRX 6, 011019





Attractive Interactions: Phase Shifts



Pairing in neutron matter: New uncertainty estimates and 3N forces The Gap Equation

$$\Delta_{lS}^{J}(k) = -\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dk' \, k'^{2}}{\pi} \sum_{l'} \frac{i^{l'-l} V_{ll'S}^{J}(k,k') \Delta_{l'S}^{J}(k')}{\sqrt{\left(\varepsilon_{k'} - \mu\right)^{2} + \sum_{\tilde{l},\tilde{S},\tilde{J}} |\Delta_{\tilde{l}\tilde{S}}^{\tilde{J}}(k')|^{2}}}$$

TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT

DARMSTADT

Pairing in neutron matter: New uncertainty estimates and 3N forces



New Uncertainties

Epelbaum et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 51, 53

$$\Delta X^{\mathrm{N^{3}LO}}(p) = \max \left(Q^{5} \times \left| X^{\mathrm{LO}}(p) \right|, Q^{3} \times \left| X^{\mathrm{LO}}(p) - X^{\mathrm{NLO}}(p) \right|, Q^{2} \times \left| X^{\mathrm{NLO}}(p) - X^{\mathrm{N^{2}LO}}(p) \right|, Q \times \left| X^{\mathrm{N^{2}LO}}(p) - X^{\mathrm{N^{3}LO}}(p) \right| \right),$$



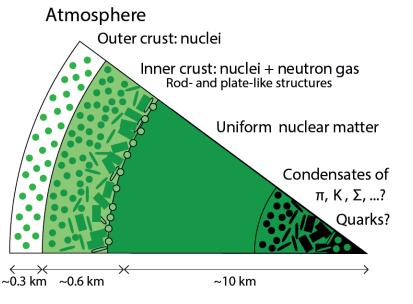
References for Asymmetric Matter Calculations

Calculations (variational, BHF, SCGF, IM-ChPT...) Fiorilla, Kaiser, Holt, Weise, (2002-12) Frick *et al.*, PRC **71**, 014313 (2005) Vidaña *et al.*, PRC **80**, 045806 (2009) Oller *et al.*, J. Phys. G: NPP **37**, 015106 (2009) Drischler *et al.* PRC **89**, 025806 (2014) Drews, Weise PRC **91**, 035802 (2015) Wellenhofer *et al.*, PRC **93**, 055802 Kaiser, PRC **91**, 065201 (2015)

• • •



Motivation: Neutron Stars



Lattimer, Prakash, Science 304, 536 (2004)

neutron stars are of extremes:

- *R* ~ (10 14) km, *M* ~ 2 *M*_{sun}
- most densest objects we observe

outer core: $n \sim n_0$

 homogeneous, infinite nuclear matter

nuclear matter: well-suited system

to apply/check

- nuclear forces
- many-body approaches

Chiral Effective Field Theory

Nuclear Matter interacts via the Strong Interaction

(not considering Coulomb)

- fundamental theory is known
- QCD is non-perturbative at low energies of interest
- modern approach: chiral EFT
 - relevant degrees of freedom instead of quarks/gluons
 - use e.g., nucleons and pions
 - pion exchanges and short-range contact interactions
 - expand most general Lagrangian in powers of $Q = max(p,m_{\pi}) / \Lambda_{b} \sim 1/3$

Weinberg, Phys. Lett. B **251**, 288 (1990) Weinberg, NP B **363**, 3 (1991) Weinberg, Phys. Lett. B **295**, 114 (1992)







Neutron Stars in β Equilibrium: 0 < *x* << 0.5

Such calculations are more involved: less symmetries

$$x = \frac{n_p}{n_p + n_n}$$
 or, $\beta = \frac{n_n - n_p}{n_n + n_p}$ with $\beta = 1 - 2x$

Obtaining the equation of state:

- parametrizations (fits to PNM plus empirical properties)
- empirically constrained coefficients

$$\frac{E}{A}(\beta, n) \stackrel{\text{Taylor}}{=} \sum_{i,j} C_{ij} \beta^i \left(\frac{n - n_0}{n_0}\right)^j$$

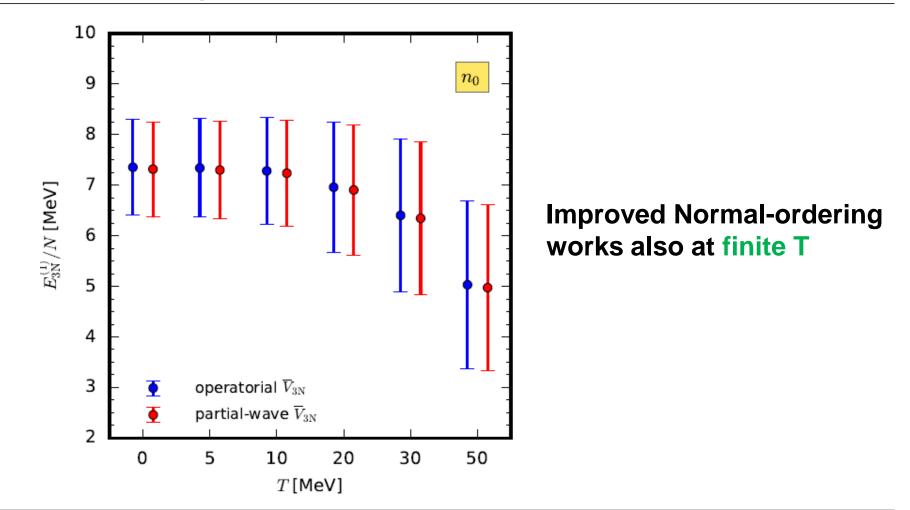
e.g.,
$$C_{00} \sim -16$$
 MeV, $C_{20} \sim 31$ MeV, ...

Normal-Ordering at Finite T

CD, Carbone, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 94, 054307

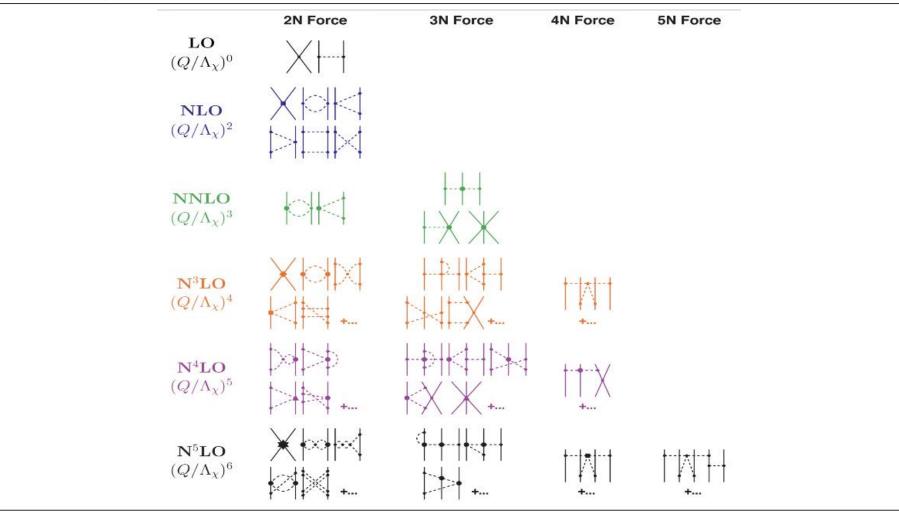
TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT

DARMSTADT





Hierachy of Chiral EFT



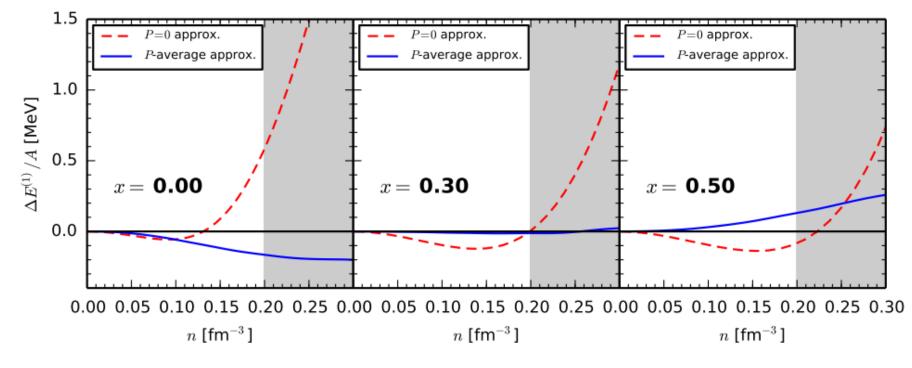
April 5, 2017 | Physics Department | Institute for Nuclear Theory – Theory Center | Christian Drischler | 35



Eff. NN potential vs. full 3N force

CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 93, 054314

Compare HF energies:

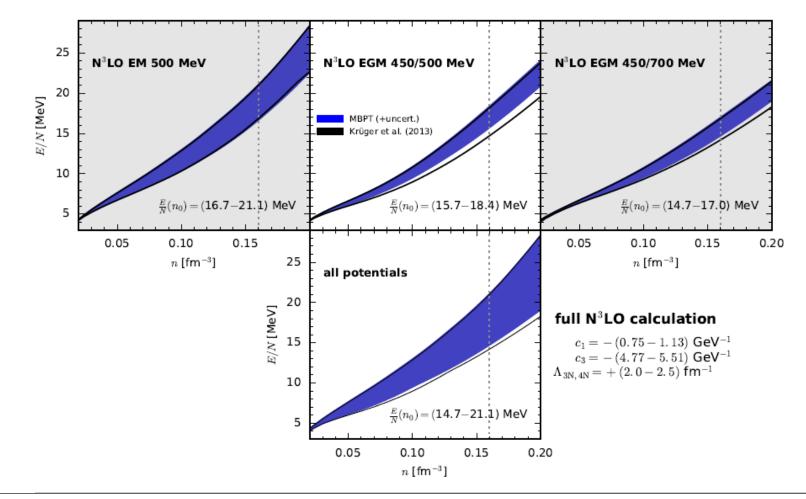


significant improvement: *P*-av. method, in particular for *n* >> *n*₀



Full N³LO calculations

CD, Carbone, Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC 94, 054307





Constraints on the EOS

Hebeler et al., Astrophys. J., 773, 11

